

Menter CHM 8k

SENSOR GUIDE LIDAR Ceilometer - Lufft CHM8k



SENSOR GUIDE - Contents

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1. Challenges for ceilometers (customer issues)

Meteorological Institute Munich



Source: Meteorological Institute of the Ludwig-Maximilians-University Munich

Customer application require different measuring distances and sensitivities

≈2 km (helipads: clouds & VOR) to 15 km (meteo service: aerosols and clouds), < 3 km (EPA: fine dust, aerosol layers)

High sensitivity for volcanic ash \leftrightarrow low might be better for strong water clouds (otherwise saturation) or fog

On airports, for instance, 8km ranges are sufficient, focus is on base cloud <1.5 km, vertical visual range output is important

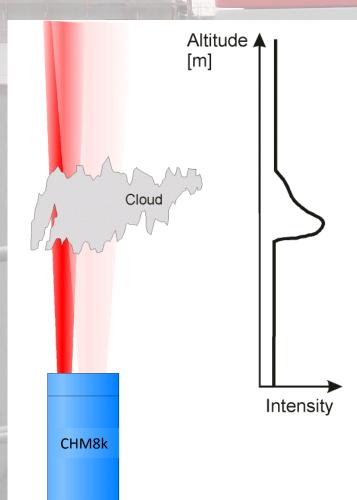
 Lower prices for equipment allows to form a denser network, airports require redundancy, ...

> Does one unit fit at all?

2. Product Description – CHM8k Ceilometer

- Measures particle scattering and generates time and range resolved backscatter profiles from atmospheric particles and droplets
- LIDAR technique
- Calculation of aerosol layers, cloud base heights, penetration depths, vertical visibility and cloud amount
- Detection of cirrus clouds & multiple cloud layers
- Operating range 5 m up to 8 kilometers (26,200 feet)
- Service-friendly

2. Product Description – CHM8k Ceilometer – LIDAR Technique



- 1. Laser pulses are emitted from instrument, light pulses are scattered by molecules, particles and droplets in all directions in the atmosphere.
- 2. Very small part of light that is scattered back can be collected and processed by the instrument. → backscatter profile contains the useful information

Scattering process depends on wavelength λ and size/ shape of aerosols & particles:

- molecules: Rayleigh scattering $\sim \lambda^{-4}$ (*nm to µm wavelengths*)
- Small particles (soot,...): Mie ~λ⁻¹
- large particles (droplets, volcanic ash,...): $\sim \lambda$ (µm to cm wavelengths
- \Rightarrow Backscatter signal for fog for near infrared LIDAR is orders of magnitude more intense than for molecules
- ⇒ CHM8k detects mainly particles and water droplets and is not sensitive for molecules
- Range/ altitude information results from time of flight measurement



2. Product Description – CHM8k/ CHM15k Ceilometer vs. LIDAR

LIDAR (light detection and ranging) \rightarrow a technique like radar, but also used for specific instrument class	Ceilometer (acronym used for instruments using the LIDAR technique to detect the ceiling)
 UV, visible and infrared wavelengths used by LIDARs LIDAR detects particles, water droplets, molecules by elastic (Rayleigh) and sometimes inelastic (Raman) scattering To detect, quantify and characterize aerosols and clouds Standard calibration method on atmospheric molecular signal 	 Near infrared wavelengths used by ceilometers mainly due to costs and stability reasons Ceilometers detect particles and water droplets by elastic (Rayleigh) scattering processes To detect and partly quantify aerosol and cloud layers Calibration method on molecular signal (CHM15k only), on total column of aerosols with photometer AOD measurements, in general manufacturer calibration method needed
 Service, maintenance, operational time Maintenance can be necessary on daily bases Well trained service and operator with background in electrical engineering or physics Due to high operational costs, operational time for some hours per day or per week 	 Service, maintenance Low level maintenance rate within a year (cleaning optics, changing dehumidifier) standard service staff for operation and service 24/7 operation
Markets: environmental studies (intense, none-permanent studies), sciences, (partly) weather service	Markets: aviation, off-shore, weather services, environmental market (long term studies)

2. Product Description – CHM8k compared with CHM15k

Laser Optical System (LOM - 2017)	CHM15k	CHM8k
Technique laser emitter/ wavelength	Micro-chip Nd:YAG Laser @ 1064 nm	Laserdiode @ 905 nm
Laser divergence	< 0.3 mrad	< 0.5 mrad
Pulse energy, average power Pulse length	8 μJ, < 50 mW 1 ns	< 3 μJ, < 24mW 100 ns
Receiver field of view (FOV)	0.5 mrad	1.1 mrad
Receiver spectral bandwidth – FWHM	1 nm	25 nm
Detection technique:	Photon counting detection mode	16 Bit analog detection mode
Range resolution	5 m (16.4 ft)	5 m (16.4 ft)
Range (min max) for cloud detction	5 m 15 km (16.4 49.2 ft)	5 m 8 km (16.4 ft 5 mi)
Overlap range for aerosol detection	230 m 12 km (754.6 ft 7.5 mi)	80 m 7 km (262.5 ft 4.35 mi)



2. Product Description – CHM8k Ceilometer – Measurands

Multiple cloud layer detection up to 8 km height

– 3 layers are standard, up to 9 layers programmable.

Cloud detection

Particle (aerosol) backscatter profiles

- Attenuated backscatter coefficient
- Aerosol layer identification
- Mixing layer height

Cloud amount due to WMO code 2700

Sky condition index: precipitation, fog

Vertical visual range (VOR)



2. Product Description – CHM8k Ceilometer – Characteristics



Source: Max-Planck-Institut für Meteorologie, Hamburg, Installationsort: Caribbean Institute for Meteorology & Hydrology, Barbados

- Measuring range: 8 km (26250 ft)
- Range resolution: 5 m (16.4 ft)
- Enhanced integrated wavelet algorithms for real time calculations
- Simple and eye-safe routine operation, laser class: 1M
- 110-120 VAC or 220 -240 VAC version, battery backup available
- Service-friendly modular device setup (heaviest service part <10 kg or 22 pounds)
- Various data telegrams, including raw data in **NetCDF format**
- Ethernet & RS485 communication, web interface, ftp service



2. Product Description – CHM8k Ceilometer – Technical Data

Ceilometer			Order No.	Ceilometer			Order N	
CHM8k			8349.00	Laser-optical Para-	Light source	Laserdiode		
9 Deremetere	Measuring principle	Lidar (optical, time of flight)	meters	meters	Wavelength	905 nm		
	Description	Aerosol backscatter profile B _{att} (r)			Pulse energy	<3 µJ		
	Range	5 m 8 km (16 26.246 ft)		Pulse repetition frequency	8 kHz			
	Time resolution	2 600 s			Filter Bandwidth	25 nm		
	Range resolution	ge resolution 5, 10, 15 m		Field of view receiver	1.1 mrad			
	Quality and auxiliary values	External and internal temperature, window status, laser status, receiver status		Operating Safety	Environmental compliance	ISO 10109 - 11		
Target Parameters Quantities given in layer Accuracy (measured on hard target in 8 km distance) Additional quantities	Quantities given in layers	Cloud base height, cloud penetration depth, aerosol layer height			Laser protection class	1M, DIN EN 60825 - 1:2015		
					Protection level housing	IP65		
		±5 m (±16 ft)			Electrical Safety	EN 61326 - 1 Class B		
	distance)				Certifications	CE		
	,	Cloud cover, vertical visibility, Sky Con-		Operating Condi- tions	Temperature range	-40 55 °C		
		dition Index			Relative humidity	0 100 %		
	Standard interfaces	RS485 (ASCII communication)			Wind	55 m/s		
		LAN (web interface, (S-)FTP, NetTools)		Physical	Dimensions	500 x 500 x 1550 mm		
	Optional interfaces	DSL modem, RS232 for service					Weight	70 kg (130 kg incl. packaging)
ters P	Power supply	230 VAC or 115 VAC, ±10 %						
	Power consumption	250 W (Standard)						
		800 W (in maximum heating mode)						
	UPS functionality (opt.)	Internal backup battery for electronics, > 1 hrs						



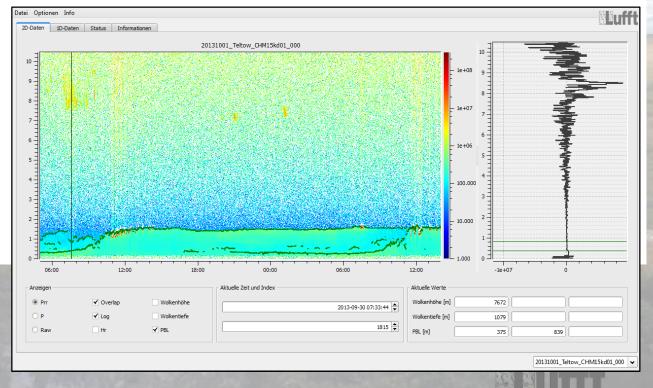
2. Product Description – CHM8k Ceilometer – Accessories - Software

RS485 device communication:

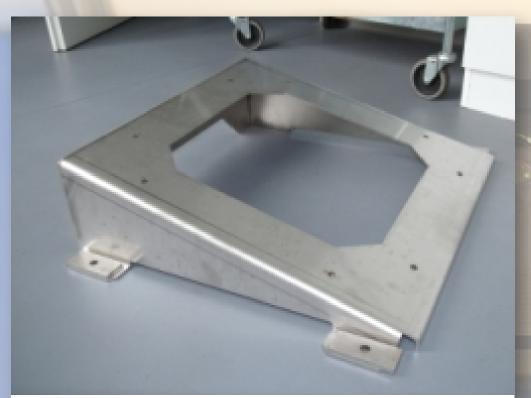
- GUI software "Data client" (free of charge)
- Text based: any terminal program

Offline display software for CHM 15k NetCDF files: "CHM Viewer" (extra charged)

- Display of measured backscatter data in contour plots
- Display and correlation with clouds, aerosol layers, modified overlap functions
- History of status parameter
- Plot generation, PDF export,....



2. Product Description – CHM8k Ceilometer – Accessories – Hardware (on request)



Tilt adapter enables installation of the CHM xk at an angle of $15^\circ \rightarrow$ usage is recommended between 30°N and 30°S



Additional accessories:

- Cloud simulator
- Battery backup



3. How to Overcome Challenges with CHM8k

- Lower price than CHM 15k
- Range optimized for aviation and low altitude studies without having saturation problems due to fog or low stratus clouds that can occur in single axis ceilometers
- High accuracy and measurements of several parameters simultaneously
- No compromises with regards to functions/ quality compared to CHM15k
- Rugged housing & service-friendliness



4. CHM8k Ceilometer – Fields of Application

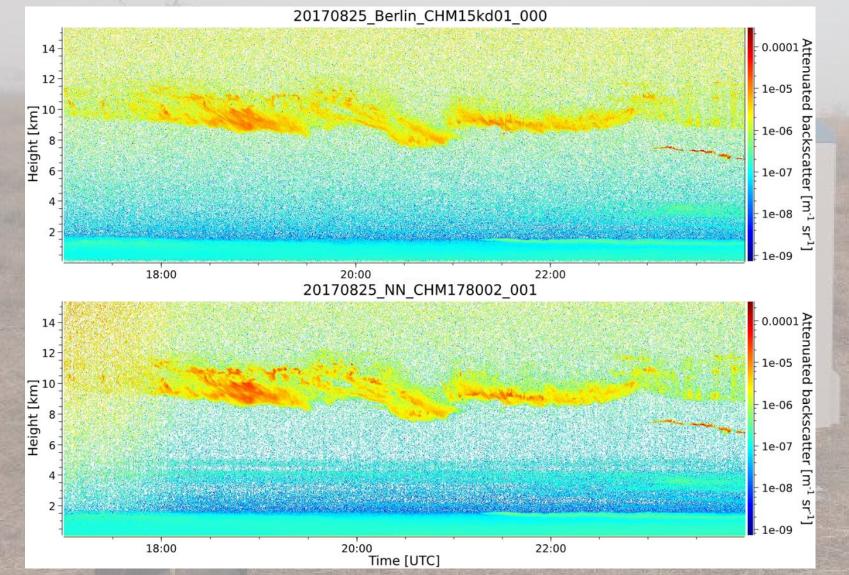
- Weather services
- ASOS systems, aviation market
- EPA/ Universities: Environmental studies of fine dust, mixing layer
- Renewable energy market
 - cloud cover → solar
 - cloud base → wind energy



ILVA, Taranto (It), 3x CHM 15k



5. Experiences with CHM8k – Measurement of Cirrus Clouds



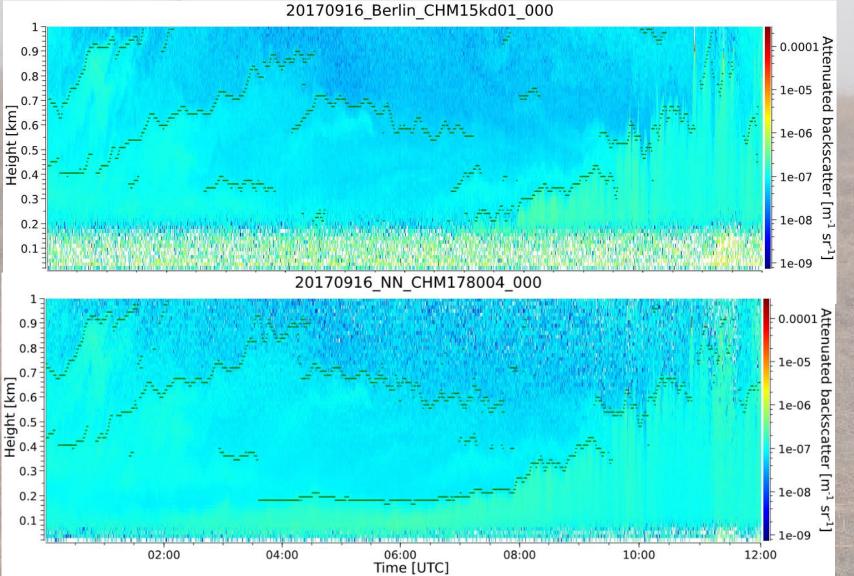
Cirrus Cloud comparison

CHM 15k + full day high performance

CHM 8k + higher dynamic range

→ CHM8k performance at night similar to CHM15k

5. Experiences with CHM8k – Measurement of aerosol layer



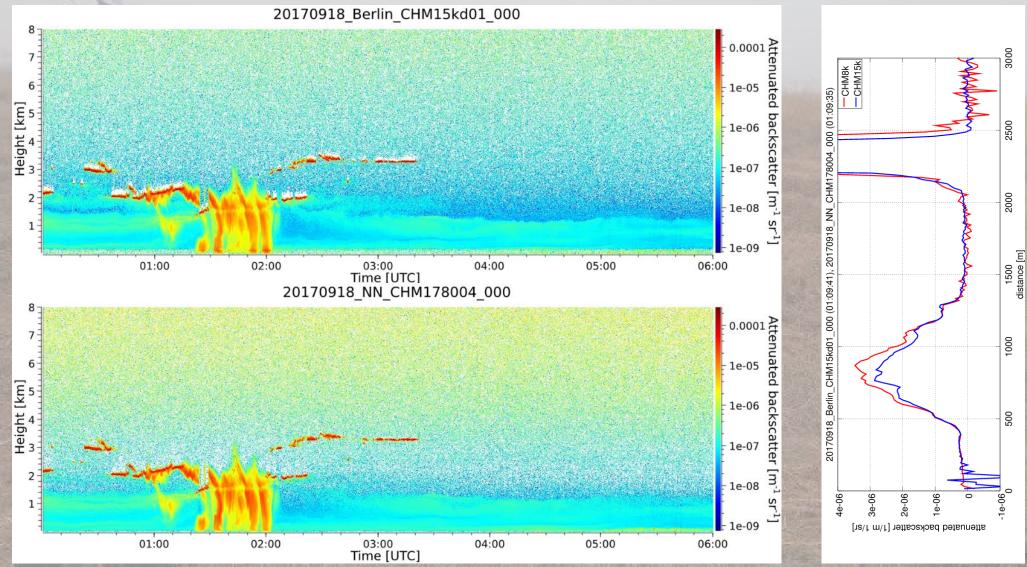
Aerosol layer/ mixing layer comparison

CHM 15k + full day high (performance, lower noise level

CHM 8k + low overlap for single scattering measurements (≈50 m) → identification of low mixing layer before sunrise is better

16 | Confidential and Proprietar

5. Experiences with CHM8k – Measurement profile/ precipitation event



17 | Confidential and Proprietary



- CHM8k is a high-performance ceilometer for the 5 m to 8 km range
- Main market focus is for ASOS/ AWOS systems
- Suitable for the most demanding environments (heater, window blower, battery backup, tilting option against direct sunlight)
- No local PC or other communication device required, remote control, data storage via LAN, RS485 available
- Sensitivity in the range of CHM 15k \rightarrow better than competition (CS135, CL31, ...)



6. Summary

Click here to visit the CHM8k product page for more info

Lufft Ceilometer CHM8k

The LIDAR-based cloud height sensor / ceilometer CHM8k is prepared to work throughout the year and in any climate



The CHM8k is the latest ceilometer from Lufft. Using the LIDAR technique, it detects backscatter aerosol profiles / structure in multiple layers, cloud bases, cloud penetration depths as well as vertical visibility and issues the sky condition index. It has an operating range of up to 8,000m (26,200 ft) and is equipped with an integrated controller offering a fully embedded real-time calculation of all target parameters and comfortable user interfaces. The Lufft ceilometer series is prepared to work throughout the year and in any climate. Due to their double case structure combined with a window blower and an automatic heating system, the ceilometers are free of fogging, precipitation, freezing or overheating issues.

Parameters measured:	Aerosol backscatter profile, cloud base height, cloud penetration depth, aerosol layer height, cloud cover, vertical visibility, Sky Condition Index
Measurement technology:	Optical (LIDAR)
Product highlights:	Measuring range of up to 8 km (26.246 ft), simple & eye-safe, service-friendly due to modularity, various data telegrams, sensitivity in the range of the Lufft CHM 15k, suitable for the most demanding environments RS485 (ASCII communication), LAN (Web- Interface, (S-)FTP, NetTools); optional: DSL modem, RS232 for service

8349.01-010

Article number:

Request a quote or advice

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7. More Info about CHM8k Ceilometer

Lufft Business Unit Optical Laser Sensors

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Thank you!

